AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:** 

1. (Currently Amended) A PCR (polymerase chain reaction) device comprising:

an inlet through which a biochemical fluid is injected;

an outlet through which the biochemical fluid is discharged;

a PCR channel positioned between the inlet and the outlet;

a heat source for operating the PCR device; and

first and second micro-valves which is formed as channel for containing a sol-gel

transformable material, wherein the first and second micro-valves control opening and closing of

the inlet and the outlet, and intersect portions of the PCR channel near the inlet and the outlet of

the PCR device, respectively; wherein the sol-gel transformable material transforms from a sol

state into a gel state at a temperature lower than DNA denaturation temperature, annealing

temperature and extension temperature and higher than room temperature, as the temperature

increases to operate the PCR by the heat source; and is operative to control the opening and

closing of the first and second micro-valves; wherein an additional heat source for controlling the

temperature of the sol-gel transformable material is absent from the PCR device; and wherein an

additional valve means for the inlet and the outlet other than the first and second micro-valves is

absent.

2. (Previously Amended) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the sol-gel transformable

material is a methyl cellulose solution.

3. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first and second micro-valves

form the inlet and outlet of the PCR device, respectively.

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4. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first micro-valve extends in a

direction in which the biochemical fluid is injected into the inlet, and the second micro-valve

extends in a direction in which the biochemical fluid is discharged through the outlet.

5. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first and second micro-valves are

interconnected with the inlet and the outlet, respectively, the first micro-valve branches off from

a portion of the PCR channel near the inlet in a different direction from a direction in which the

biochemical fluid is injected, and the second micro-valve branches off from a portion of the PCR

channel near the outlet in a different direction from a direction in which the biochemical fluid is

discharged.

6. (Cancelled)

7. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 6, wherein one end of the first micro-valve is

connected to one end of the second micro-valve.

8. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first and second micro-valves

intersect portions of PCR channels of a plurality of PCR devices near inlets and outlets of the

PCR devices, respectively.

9. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 8, wherein one end of the first micro-valve is

connected to one end of the second micro-valve.

10. (Withdrawn) A method of regulating opening and closing of an inlet and an outlet of

a PCR device, the method comprising:

connecting micro-valves, each of which contains a sol-gel transformable material that

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transforms from a sol state to a gel state at a temperature lower than DNA denaturation

temperature, annealing temperature and extension temperature regarding PCR and higher than

room temperature, to the inlet and the outlet of the PCR device; and

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inducing a sol-to-gel transformation in the micro-valves using temperature variations in a

thermal cycle of PCR.

11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein the sol-gel transformable material is

methyl cellulose.

12. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first and second micro-valves

form the inlet and outlet of the PCR device, respectively.

13. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first micro-valve extends in a

direction in which the biochemical fluid is injected into the inlet, and the second micro-valve

extends in a direction in which the biochemical fluid is discharged through the outlet.

14. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first and second micro-valves

are interconnected with the inlet and the outlet, respectively, the first micro-valve branches off

from a portion of the PCR channel near the inlet in a different direction from a direction in which

the biochemical fluid is injected, and the second micro-valve branches off from a portion of the

PCR channel near the outlet in a different direction from a direction in which the biochemical

fluid is discharged.

15. (Cancelled)

16. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first and second micro-valves

intersect portions of PCR channels of a plurality of PCR devices near inlets and outlets of the

PCR devices, respectively.

17. (Previously Amended) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the sol-gel transformable

material transforms from a gel state into a sol state at a temperature lower than DNA

denaturation temperature, annealing temperature and extension temperature and higher than

room temperature, as the temperature decreases after the PCR is terminated.

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18. (Previously Amended) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the concentration of the

methyl cellulose solution is 2w% or less.

19. (Previously Amended) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the concentration of the

methyl cellulose solution is 0.5w% or less.

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